



The Bee Informed Partnership Management Survey Results (2014-2015) Tracheal Mite Control

BeeInformed.org

Funded by:



United States
Department of
Agriculture

National Institute
of Food
and Agriculture

Release Date: September 24, 2015

This information is for educational purposes only. References to commercial products or trade names do not imply endorsement by the Bee Informed Partnership or its members. The results presented here are the summary of the population who responded. The sample may not be representative of the beekeeping population at large. These results simply highlight differences in the sample population. The results cannot be considered conclusive, causative, protective, or attest to product efficacy or lack of efficacy.



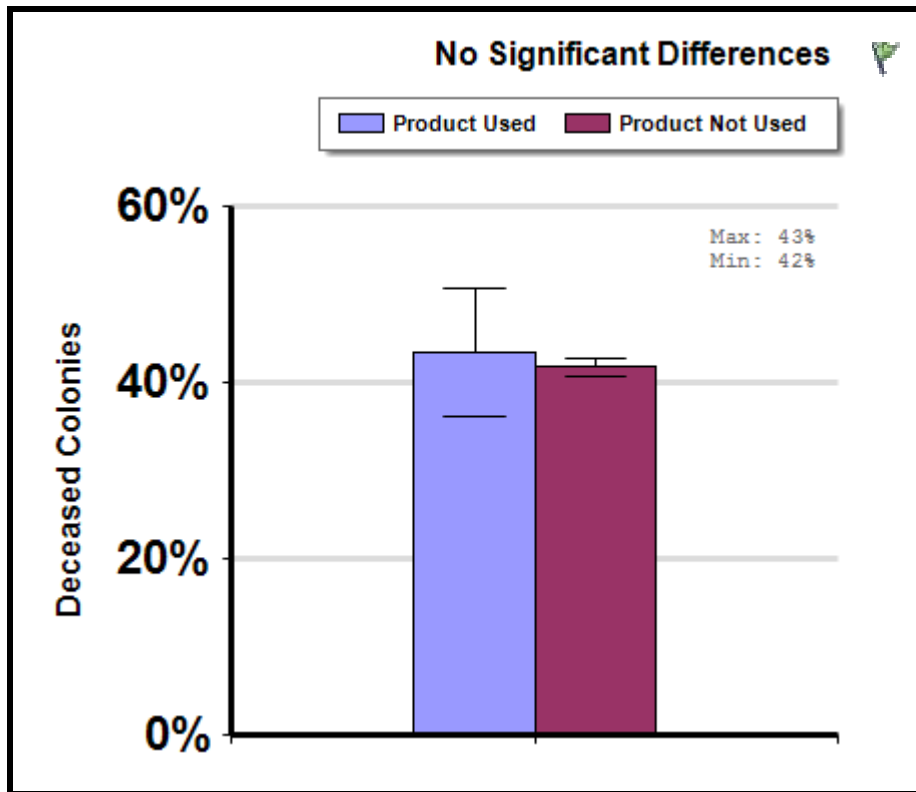
MiteAThol Product Use

Management Survey 2015

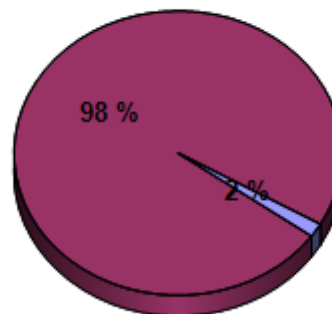
A comparison of average winter colony mortality rates between beekeepers who did or did not apply Mite-A-Thol to control Honey Bee Tracheal Mites, between April 2014 and March 2015.

Winter

Report ID: 39-2015



Participant Ratio



Interpretation

Beekeepers who treated with Mite-A-Thol did not lose more or less colonies than those who did not treat with Mite-A-Thol.

Survey Question

Which, if any of the following, did you apply to a majority of your colonies between April, 2015 and March, 2015?

-Mite-A-Thol

	Total Number of Respondents Providing Valid Responses	Total Number of Colonies Managed	Average Number of Colonies Managed		Average Colony Loss
			Mean	Standard Error	Mean(%) [Lower, Upper] CI
Product Not Used	4,760	370,217	77.8	16.4	41.8 [40.8, 42.8]
Product Used	76	12,521	164.8	63.4	43.4 [36.1, 50.8]

Comments About This Data

Relevant Links, References, and Citations

Funded By:



United States
Department of
Agriculture

National Institute
of Food
and Agriculture

This information is for educational purposes only. References to commercial products or trade names do not imply endorsement by the Bee Informed Partnership or its members. The results presented here are the summary of the population who responded. The sample may not be representative of the beekeeping population at large. These results simply highlight differences in the sample population. The results cannot be considered conclusive, causative, protective, or attest to product efficacy or lack of efficacy.